

New Dreamland Theatre
Now Showing Big Double Bill
"SOCIAL REGISTER"
"POLICE CAR 17"
Starring Tim Mobery

REDFCLIFF LIF F REVIEW

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

COMING MONDAY
"Catherine The Great"
Truly A Great Show

Volume 23

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW THURSDAY, AUG. 2ND, 1934

Number 40

Alberta Telephone Department is In Bad Shape

Writing of Ten Million Dollars Is Recommended

Alberta's general debt should be increased by \$10,000,000 through the amount written off the balance sheet of the provincial telephone system.

A reserve fund should be built up to 20% of the physical value of the system.

Insurance which have been the cause of the system getting into the sorry mess now apparent should be sold to "local" non-profit connecting companies.

These are the recommendations of Harry Barker, New York engineering expert, who was commissioned by the provincial government last winter to make a survey of the telephone system. He submitted an interim report shortly before the legislature closed and his final report amplifying the first one, was received Monday by Hon. George Hoadley, minister of telephones.

Ranchers Advised to Hold Unfinished Cattle

Would Hardly Pay The Cost of Marketing

Warning that the market for unfinished cattle was poor at the present time and advice to growers to hold back their cattle if they had sufficient feed was given by D. A. MacKenzie, Dominion livestock market representative, Monday.

Reports that there was a heavy run of this type of cattle were exaggerated, Mr. MacKenzie said. It would be no greater than in other years, he said, though the condition was aggravated by low prices. Some of the stock would hardly pay costs of marketing, he reported.

SUGGESTED CHANGES IN RELIEF FUNDS

What amount each province will get from the federal government for relief has not yet been decided upon.

Premier Bennett's proposition is that each province be paid a lump sum for this purpose in lieu of their percentage of the cost as in the past. This suggestion is being carefully considered by the provincial representatives who are divided in their opinions as to how it will work.

If accepted the proposition will place more responsibility on the provinces and will, no doubt, make them more careful in the handling of their allotment.

EMPLOYMENT IMPROVING

Marked improvement in employment statistics was shown in the report issued by Hon. H. J. Stevens, minister of trade and commerce. Employers reporting had 945,145 persons at work July 1st, compared with 899,751 June 1st.

"The situation generally was better than on the same date of 1933 and 1932," said Mr. Stevens.

Local Girls Badly Trim The New Club

Win Out in League Game By 35 Runs to 5

After being badly beaten to the tune of 25 to 3 by Safeway girls last Thursday, the local girls turned around and gave the New Club aggregation an even worse trimming last Monday evening. Before our score card and pencil played out at the game Monday the local lassies had piled up a score of 35 while the visitors tallied but five.

These were two of the most peculiar games played this season. In both instances it was simply a case of the winners being right on their toes all the time and the losers having an evening off.

If Redcliff had played last Thursday the way they played Monday they would have given Safeways a run for their marbles.

The standing of the teams is the same as it has been practically all season—Safeways at the top and Redcliff next.

Redcliff Reminiscences

Taken From the Review File of August 8th, 1915

The rolling mills here are turning out about 15 tons of iron a day.

One year ago last Wednesday Britain and Canada entered the Great War.

John Bradley, 24 years old, has paid the supreme sacrifice at the front.

A farewell to the Redcliff boys of the 63rd will be held here tonight in the Empire theatre.

D. Broadfoot has commenced work on the erection of his grain elevator here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Hall returned from a trip to Ontario last evening. C. T. says there is plenty of evidence in the east that war is on in earnest, but the crops aren't any better there than they are right here.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. Bob Moore left on Sunday for a fortnight's vacation at Elkwater Lake.

Mrs. H. Leppard and family are spending a few weeks holiday at Elkwater Lake.

Miss Elmer Learmonth and Master Jack Learmonth and George Ballantyne are camping at Elkwater Lake this week.

Mrs. Hawthorne and Miss Hilda of Medicine Hat were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Roughton on Monday.

Miss Mary Maskell was a tent-hor hostess on Wednesday in honor of Miss Maite Hill, an August bride.

Mrs. C. J. Wilson, of Vancouver, who has been visiting her father, Mr. Wm. Henderson, for the past three weeks, returned to her home last Thursday.

Miss Nanny Learmonth of Calgary arrived home on Monday to spend a short holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Learmonth.

Mr. and Mrs. Worts and Cyril with Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson are leaving this week for two weeks holiday at Elkwater. The Misses Mary Maskell and Ethel Collard.

Mr. and Mrs. Standing, who have been touring through the west, passed through town last week-end on their way to their home in Brandon. While here they were the guests of Mrs. Fairbairn.

Mrs. McLachlan was the hostess at an enjoyable whist drive under the auspices of Vega Lodge on Tuesday evening. The first prize was won by Mr. Turner and the consolation by Mrs. Allanbach. Delicious refreshments were served and a pleasant social hour spent by those present.

Mr. and Mrs. Ted Van Wert and Mr. and Mrs. W. Swanson spent last week in Banff.

Churches

GORDON MEMORIAL UNITED CHURCH
Pastor: Rev. E. Erskine
Sunday, July 29th.
10 a.m. Church School.
11:15 Morning Service.
James Brown will conduct the service.
3 p.m. Service at Bowell.
No evening service.
"It is God's presence that makes the world sublime and beautiful."

ST. MARY'S CHURCH
Celebration of Mass every Sunday of each month except first Sunday, at 8:30 a.m.

ST. AMBROSE CHURCH
Rev. H. S. Hammett, Vicar.
Aug. 6th. 10th Sunday after Trinity.
No 8 o'clock celebration.
Missions 11 a.m.
Evenings 7:30.

Prices Soar as New Crop Year Opens

Government Agencies Sell on Every Budge

A new crop year was opened on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange yesterday, a year that began with new "highs" marked up in the current life of each wheat future, as prices soared to close with gains of 1 1/4-1 1/2 cents, October option at 88 1/2 December 90 1/4-1/2 and May 94 1/2 cents.

Gaynor-Farrell Together Again

Picture "Change of Heart" Unites Old Stars

After 18 months of separation Janet Gaynor and Chas. Farrell the screen's most romantic team will be reunited in Fox Film's latest release, "Change of Heart," which comes to the Monarch Theatre, on Monday August 6th.

The screen play adapted from the novel is a modern drama of the epic struggle for love and happiness in the turmoil of Manhattan. The film relates a big city's grim challenge to young youngsters just out of college, two boys and two girls who, tangled together by ties of loyalty and common interest, enter its portals, accept its challenges, achieve success, realize their dreams of ambition and possibly fame.

TWENTY YEARS AGO

Twenty years ago last Saturday Count Leopold Von Berchtesgaden signed his name to a 70 word manifesto—the Great War was on!

That document, penned at Vienna where army officers are again pouring over their war maps was an open telegram from the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs to the Serbians.

One of the shortest, mightiest messages of history, it launched a hurricane of hatred which engulfed the world in a tidal wave of blood. It embroiled 27 nations, sacrificed more than 20,000,000 lives.

Two score years ago last Saturday, however, no such Armageddon was dreamed of far less expected.

Serbian hatred for Austrians had vented itself in the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand heir to the Austro-Hungarian throne, and his wife. Austria had wanted to control the Balkans.

Mr. O. Wooding returned to town after a fortnight's holiday at Elkwater Lake.

DOG NOTICE

In future all dogs must be kept under control at all times. All owners of dogs of any size are compelled to secure tags for same within one month of ownership. This bylaw will be strictly enforced in future.

J. Kitchen, Police.

Conditions in Austria Are Very Serious

The Assassin of Dollfus Was Hanged Last Tuesday

Conditions in Europe are in a threatening condition as a result of the assassination of Chancellor Dollfus of Austria, last Wednesday, Otto Planetta, the assassin, was a Nazi sympathizer. This leads European papers to believe that the murder of Dollfus was a deliberate plot to upset his government, which was aided and abetted by the German authorities.

Planetta, the assassin, and Holzeber, the leader of the mob, were both hanged on Tuesday after a court martial of high class.

Kurt Schuschnigg has been made chancellor to succeed Dollfus, and Prince Von Starhemberg as military leader. This new government will carry on along the same lines as did Dollfus and will maintain the independence of Austria.

Although the Nazis attacked for the murder of Dollfus was a failure, and the revolution is now fairly well under control, conditions are still very precarious with possibilities of further national and international complications.

Italy and Yugoslavia have amassed troops on their boundaries bordering on Austria and are prepared to make war on any outside interference with Austria's plans for maintaining her independence.

In the meantime the revolutionary Nazis are attempting to carry on a campaign of terror. The outcome is being closely watched by all European nations and at the moment it is not to predict what the final outcome will be.

Picture Which Lured Dillinger to His Death

At Monarch Theatre Medicine Hat, This Week End

"Manhattan Melodrama" sensational underworld film is the movie that lured "Dillinger" to his death in Chicago.

Clark Gable, Wm. Powell and Myrna Loy are starred in Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's "Manhattan Melodrama," current feature at the Monarch Theatre. It is their first appearance as a starring trio, and the first time Gable and Powell have appeared in the same picture. The story is a fast-moving melodrama of New York life, with Gable as a tight-shot gambler, powerful and dramatic figure in the city's underworld. Powell, as the district attorney, his life-long friend, is called upon to prosecute him for murder. The picture is said to be one of the year's outstanding screen achievements.

Miss Lela Willis of Hazelton, Sask., passed through here last Sunday on her way to Lethbridge. She spent the day with her cousins Moore, Wm. and Norman Willis and families.

Fine Quality Gives Satisfaction



"Fresh from the Gardens"

Economic News in Fashion

Periodically, organizations throughout the country pass resolutions deprecating the treatment of certain news by the public press, but as a rule, these are ill-adviced (however fine the motive behind them), for the simple reason that the press itself is the most barometer of public opinion. Newspapers could not survive did they not interpret aright the desires of the public to which they cater; they could not exist as profit-making institutions were it not for the fact they keep a wary finger on the flickering pulse of the public revolve. They serve the public, and the public service depends upon its ability to give the public what it wants. That is why circulation has become the criterion of success in the newspaper field.

The "wants" of the reading public vary from time to time, and policies of the newspapers must vary with them. Hence, news fashions change, as fashions in clothing change; and it is extremely difficult to study the changes as they appear in the columns of the daily press.

A week or two ago, H. R. Knickerbocker, well-known European correspondent of the Hearst organization, arrived in England to write a series of articles for Hearst newspapers on the economic recovery of Great Britain. In the course of an interview, he made the following statement:

"One of the most remarkable things that has happened to the American Press since the depression has been the public demand for economic news. Before 1929, nobody cared much, but when the slump hit America, it produced a phenomenal result."

"Economic news now is considered as important as the latest sensational murder story. Whether the readers understand it or not, I don't know, but Americans have curiosity to know what is going on in the world, and it is happening to the rest of the world. Consequently, newspapers make it a regular feature of analyses of world economic news."

Students of economics were struck with this popularization of economic news in the United States, particularly through the writings of Walter Lippman, perhaps the most famous of all the commentators of economic events. In Canada, during the same period, a similar tendency has been remarked, the quantities of which, perhaps, have been demanded for reasons which are not far to seek.

Recent provincial elections in British Columbia and Saskatchewan especially, have demonstrated that the public is not content with a mere north information on economic matters, more desirous of listening to an economic discussion from the public platform, than ever before.

This is primarily due to the fact realization of their dependence upon world markets, and the realization that the people of the prairie want more directness than heretofore. They have become acutely aware of the fact that anything affecting the economic condition of the English textile worker, the French vineyard laborer, the coal-miner of Scotland or Wales, sooner or later, is reflected in their own economic condition. They know now that anything which affects the purchasing power of German, Austrian, Japanese or Chinese wage-slaves, must eventually have its reflex on the Canadian wage-slave.

World economic news, therefore, has assumed new and more important proportions in the eyes of the Canadian people. The vital importance of a healthy world economy has become all too obvious. Consequently, when news turns bullish, when word comes that Britain is shutting off the coils of long internal depression, the items partake of something more than the evanescent interest of the momentary curiosity of the world sex drama.

New political movements too have had their genesis in economic discontent; hence it is only natural that economic discussion should attract an ever widening public. The one drawback to the new fashion lies in the fact that economics, so far, has not been reduced to an exact science, whose truths can be set forth with the precision of mathematical formulae. For that reason, it is essential that commitment to any specific theory should follow, not precede, complete study of economics, not as it has been advanced by some propounders of a particular doctrine, but as it has been advanced through economic history. The truth cannot be determined by study of one set of theories, but by analysis of all theories so far advanced from time preceding ancient times to those of the latest day. Sociological analysis should be made with due regard to practicability, as demonstrated in political and history, not in the field of statecraft alone, but in the wider field of trade and commerce, particularly during the last century and a half.

Mosquitoes Hail Yellow

Blow And Red

If you would be free from mosquitoes, wear yellow. They simply hate it. If, however, you would like to receive the attentions of the little blighters, just wear navy blue, which they do not. They are keen on dark red, but adore navy blue. Cobalt, white and orange are panned and yellow makes them bilious. These findings, states the Canadian National Bazaar, have developed from a series of studies and the company recommends yellow suits and yellow tops for tropical travel where mosquitoes are liable to abound.

Successful Candidate

Consider the recent campaign in the incorporate state of Kansas, says the New Yorker. One candidate for the state legislature boasted of his honorable discharge from a local madhouse. In every stump speech, he revived the document, and said, "I have papers here to prove I'm not crazy," he would cry. "Can my opponent say the same?" P.H.—not the job.

Few People Escape Attacks Of Summer Complaint

Summer Complaint may be slight, or it may be serious, but you can't tell when it seizes you it may send you to the hospital for a day or two, and you may become weak and prostrated. Just as you feel any looseness of the bowels go at once to your drugstore and get a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry and stick to it. It is the only sure action before the weakening looseness can get started.

Don't experiment. Get "Dr. Fowler's." It has been on the market for 88 years.

Rents Whole Hotel

Wealthiest Man in World Paying Visit To England

The richest man in the world is shortly to pay a visit to London. He is not an accidental migrant but a mighty Indian potentate, ruler of one of the states as large as 320,000 square miles in the Northwest of India. He is His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad.

This is his first visit to Europe and he will bring over an entourage of 300 people, which includes thirty-five of his wives, who enjoy the title of senior Begums. They will be strictly in purdah, so no white man can look on their faces.

A special train has been chartered and his entourage in advance are negotiating to take over a whole London holiday hotel.

Nobody knows the extent of the colossal wealth of the Nizam. Fantastic stories are current that the entire vaults of his palace extended for nearly two miles are lined with gold and silver bullion.

He rules over the millions of his subjects with an autocratic hand, which has more than once invoked the interference of the Viceroy of India. His administration is so far from his administration was not satisfactory to the Vice-regal party and a white political officer was sent to Hyderabad to "revitalize" his administration. This greatly incensed the Nizam.

There was something apparently wrong on the Indian money market. Huge waves of Indian bearer bonds were being thrown on the market and the Nizam was starting on the stock exchanges of Bombay and Calcutta.

The government tried to buy the bonds but they still continued piling in. The seller of the bonds was discovered to be the Nizam himself. There were hasty consultations between the Viceroy himself and the broker and afterwards with the Nizam. The stock market was flooded with bearer bonds and His Britannic Majesty's political adviser to the state of Hyderabad was called away to undertake less disturbing duties. That little frolic set the Nizam back about ten million dollars.

His first visit to London is to "render homage" and pay his respects to King George. He will be accorded sovereign honors, such as twenty-one gun salute, a sovereign's guard, a guard of honor, a route from the station to the hotel and one to the King's home at the station to meet him. In fact, everything he does, the King's order will be to placate this important potentate, for he can make himself a big nuisance to the cabinet "when he is not taken care of."

Rung By Radio Signal

Admiral Byrd Flashed Signal To Liberty Bell July 4

America's foremost historical relic, the liberty bell in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, was rung by a radio signal from Admiral Byrd during the Independence Day broadcast from the Antarctic over the WABC-Columbia network, July 4. The preliminary broadcast was obtained from Mayor J. Hampton Moore of Philadelphia, who spoke through the broadcast. Byrd situated at his lonely advance base 123 miles south of expedition headquarters flashed a signal to Independence Hall. Engineers of WABC, CBS station in Philadelphia, arranged to "feed" the electrical impulse to a hammer which struck the liberty bell. Its tone was heard not only throughout the United States and Canada, but also in Little America.

Correct English

Should Take Pride in Preservation Of Futility Of Our Language

The person who speaks correctly today, or writes what is called "good English" is speaking or writing in the manner of Addison and Pitt and Macaulay and Gladstone and other great masters of the language. It is true new words have been created to meet new wants arising out of our evolutionary progress, and these are being taken up by the masses in common use that Pitt would have understood. But certainly our English is their English, and we should take a decent pride in the fact in the preservation of a magnificent asset and the maintenance of a splendid tradition.—Ottawa Journal.

Must Wear Moustache

Budapest is going to have romantic moustache policemen. An order has been issued by the police chief that all moustache policemen must from now on wear moustaches. It is considered not only conducive to military appearance and better discipline but also in line with the national tradition of the dashing Magyar horseman.

Colonization Finance Corporation

W. C. McKillop, Former Dean Of Manitoba Agricultural College, Appointed Farm Manager

T. O. F. McKillop, Farm Manager of the Colonization Finance Corporation of Canada, Limited, has announced the appointment of W. C. McKillop, former Dean of the Manitoba Agricultural College, as farm manager for the Indian head farm of the Dominion. McKillop is a former member of the Legislative Council of the province of Ontario, and has accepted the appointment of Farm Manager of the Colonization Finance Corporation of Canada, Limited, as farm manager for the Indian head farm of the Dominion. McKillop is a former member of the Legislative Council of the province of Ontario, and has accepted the appointment of Farm Manager of the Colonization Finance Corporation of Canada, Limited, as farm manager for the Indian head farm of the Dominion.

Mr. McKillop was born on August 23rd, 1882, in Glinagary County, Ontario, of Scotch parentage, and was educated on the farm. His father was well known in Eastern Ontario as a pioneer breeder of Leicester sheep and Holstein cattle, and was an agricultural expert. McKillop gained his early education in country schools and attended the Ontario Agricultural College from 1901 to 1905, graduating with degree of Bachelor of Science (University of Toronto). In June, 1905, he was appointed to the position of Farm Manager of the Colonization Finance Corporation of Canada, Limited, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation. In March, 1911, he transferred from the Seed Branch to the position of Farm Manager of the Brandon Branch, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation. In June, 1914, he was appointed to the position of Farm Manager of the Brandon Branch, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation.

Mr. McKillop, the Colonization Finance Corporation, has been appointed to the position of Farm Manager of the Brandon Branch, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation. In June, 1914, he was appointed to the position of Farm Manager of the Brandon Branch, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation. In June, 1914, he was appointed to the position of Farm Manager of the Brandon Branch, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation. In June, 1914, he was appointed to the position of Farm Manager of the Brandon Branch, and has since that time been actively engaged in the work of the Corporation.

Wager With Death

Two Colorado Convicts In Test To Determine Value Of New Serum

Two Colorado convicts were confident that they had won a wager with death in a series of tests to determine the value of a new serum. The convicts, Carl Erickson and Mike Schmidt, said they have gained weight and are in good health although they have had several doses of the serum and live tuberculosis bacilli have been injected into their blood.

The firm term convicts were told the serum and injections of live bacilli might kill them, but they volunteered to become subjects of experiments after Governor Ed. C. Johnson promised them pardon if they survived.

Russia Imports Wheat

Millions Of Bushels, It Is Claimed, Are Being Sent To Vladivostok

Millions of bushels of wheat, an authoritative source disclosed, are being imported into Vladivostok because of large increases in Russian military manpower in eastern Siberia due to tension between Japan and Russia.

More than 3,000,000 bushels will be imported this year, this source disclosed, almost all of it for the purpose of feeding an increased Russian military establishment. Despite lack of official statistics from the Soviet Union, it was learned that imports at Vladivostok, once an important Russian wheat export, gradually have been increasing during the past six years.

New Air Service

Direct air passenger express service between Seattle and British Columbia became effective July 1 when United Air Lines opened operation into Vancouver. The new service, the Pacific coast airway will provide the Canadian and Mexican borders only 124 hours apart.

Agricultural Notes

Many Tens of Millions To Be Western Farmer

Sudan grass is being grown more extensively this year for pasture purposes in the St. Lawrence counties of Eastern Ontario.

Commercial canning is one of the oldest of the larger organized industries in the Dominion. The first factory was established at Grimsby, Ontario, in 1878.

Stock cleaning operators in British Columbia state that, owing to the general low viability of the timely seed cleaned this year, much more seed was blown out in cleaning 1934 in previous years, in order to improve the germination.

A saving of thousands of dollars in preparing grasshopper mixtures in Alberta has been effected by the pulverization of the sawdust used, and the recommendations of the Dominion Seed Branch inspectors, thereby resulting in a use of only 20 per cent of the material instead of 50 per cent as formerly.

Under the amended regulations of the Dairy Industries Act, a dairy producer who desires to reduce to any cheese or butter which in his judgment is either too high a temperature, may use a tempering and proper fermentation at the temperature of cold cheese or butter is made to a satisfactory result.

The sale of commercial fertilizers in Saskatchewan has been considerably higher than last year, more than 400,000 tons of ammonium sulphate and 100 tons of triple superphosphate having been sold. Most of the fertilizer was shipped into the territory east and north of Regina and north of the Saskatchewan-Macdonald line. Fertilizer sales in Quebec are estimated to be 25 per cent greater than last year.

Owing to dryness, seed prospects in Quebec, as at May 31, were not so good as for the corresponding date of last year. Farmers, however, planned to increase their seed production, and a number of them had already started to prospective growers acquainted with them with the services available to them from the inspectors of the Seed Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

By the discovery of the late Sir Donald Ross, the relationship between the mosquito and the spread of malaria, evaluating in a similar discovery regarding yellow fever, only a small number of human lives but enabled millions of acres of previously fertile land in tropical and sub-tropical areas of the world to be placed under economic crops. Previously these lands were death-traps, and the attempt to cultivate them or live upon them.

During the month of winter 1934, the tenements of wheat exported from the United States to the British Empire, Canada, and the United Kingdom, last named alone taking 33,662,051 bushels, the total amount of wheat exported to the foreign countries was 46,062,656 bushels. In the order of the amount imported, these countries were Belgium, Germany, Italy, Japan, Norway, Denmark, Sweden, China, Persia, Holland, the United States and other small shippers abroad.

Imports of Canadian barley into the Netherlands reached their peak in 1929 when they totalled 142,772 metric tons, or over 41 per cent of the total. In 1930 the imports fell to 11,851 tons, but in 1931 went up again to 108,630 tons. In 1932 the quantity imported was 77,068, and in 1933 there were no imports of consequence. At the beginning of 1934 there have been no imports of barley from Canada. Despite its absence from this market for a year and a half, Canadian barley is well liked in Holland and some consumers are beginning to look for it through the high to make business possible, says the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Holland.

Built Fireproof Nest

A pigeon nesting in the courtyard of the federal building at Denver, Colo., was apparently inspired by ideas of fireproof construction used in the structure. Despite an abundance of twigs and shavings it built its nest entirely of wire paper clips. J. M. Lee, janitor, who discovered the nest, reported that there were two eggs in it.

Stitched Heart Works

The medical profession, keenly interested in heart and lung ailments, has been kept busy by the idea of fireproof construction used in the structure. Despite an abundance of twigs and shavings it built its nest entirely of wire paper clips. J. M. Lee, janitor, who discovered the nest, reported that there were two eggs in it.



One Full... of Waxed Paper.

Always ready—Inexpensive

Appland Paper Industries

MANITOBA, CANADA

New X-Ray Device

Possible For Doctors Miles Away To Examine Patient

A new X-ray observation device, revealing the anatomy of the least visible body organs even from the blood vessels in their natural color, has been perfected and patented by Luther G. Simjian, former director of the photographic department of the Yale Medical School, it has been announced.

Mr. Simjian's apparatus not only will show the structure and density of bony opaque parts that appear on radiographs, but also the soft shadowy forms, but lessens existing hazards to the subject being examined. Moreover, by a system of telegraphic wiring between hospitals, it will be possible for a patient to sit before an X-ray tube in one clinic while the rays and the screen in this shadowy forms, but lessens existing hazards to the subject being examined. Moreover, by a system of telegraphic wiring between hospitals, it will be possible for a patient to sit before an X-ray tube in one clinic while the rays and the screen in this shadowy forms, but lessens existing hazards to the subject being examined. Moreover, by a system of telegraphic wiring between hospitals, it will be possible for a patient to sit before an X-ray tube in one clinic while the rays and the screen in this shadowy forms, but lessens existing hazards to the subject being examined. 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Explanation Of Marketing Act, Which Is Designed To Improve Marketing Methods and Practices

At the annual convention of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists, which was also attended by the Canadian Seed Growers' Association at Macleod College, Alberta, Dr. Barton, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Ottawa, gave a lucid explanation of the new marketing act which is in its formative stages and is officially known as the Natural Products Marketing Act, 1934. The preamble of the act reads "An Act to improve the methods and practices of marketing of natural products of Canada and in export trade and to make further provision in connection therewith." The assumption clearly is that the methods followed in marketing are not satisfactory and that undesirable practices obtain. The act is, therefore, intended, said Dr. Barton, to provide legislation by means of which these methods and practices can be changed.

The legislation provides what may be called permissive powers which may, or may not be, exercised. Until they are exercised, the provisions of the Act do not become law as law. These powers are centred in the governor-in-council, the minister administering the Act, the Dominion Marketing Board, and local boards which may be created under the Act. All powers that may be granted by order-in-council under the Act for the administration of marketing schemes will be vested in the Dominion board. The Act also provides that the general supervision of the Dominion board.

Thus, the local boards, under the supervision of the Dominion board, will enable those who produce and market natural products to constitute control machinery through which they may regulate the movement, direct the sale, without power of buying and selling or of fixing prices, and to determine practices that shall prevail in the marketing of such products. In other words, the local boards, under the supervision of the Dominion board, may direct directly with only a part of the product or with all of it. The board may direct shipments or control the movement of the product. It may deal directly with only a part of the product or with all of it. The board may direct shipments or control the movement of the product. It may deal directly with only a part of the product or with all of it.

Powers of exemption may be delegated to the local boards, also, for conducting a pool for the regulation of returns received from the sale of the regulated product, and also powers to compensate any person for loss by withholding, by order of the board, any regulated product from the market, or through forwarding any regulated product to a specified market, pursuant to any order of the board. The local board may also be granted for loss due to depreciation of the currency of the country to which shipments were sent by order of the board. The local board may also be delegated to assist by grant or loan the construction or operation of facilities for preserving, processing, storing, or conditioning the regulated product, and to assist research work relating to the marketing of such products.

Where local boards do not exist, or in cases of emergency, provision is made in the Act for regulating the marketing in inter-provincial or export trade by the Dominion Marketing Board. Another important point is the provision under the Act to prosecute persons exporting or importing into Canada any product which enters into competition with a regulated Canadian product. Power is also given in the Act to prosecute persons exporting or importing into Canada any product which enters into competition with a regulated Canadian product. Power is also given in the Act to prosecute persons exporting or importing into Canada any product which enters into competition with a regulated Canadian product.

Teacher (during history course)—"What did Montcalm say before fighting the English at the Plains of Abraham in 1760?"
Bright Pupil (answering)—"Who's afraid of the big, bad wolf?"

W. N. U. 2005

Prehistoric Lizards

Fossil Remains 60,000,000 Years Old,
Found in Manitoba

Two lizards of the underclass that lumbered about the prairies 60,000,000 years ago when water covered central North America were unearthed near Morden, Man., recently. This fossil remains of the prehistoric lizards were found in the Bentonite clay belt several miles west of Morden.

O. M. Sternburg, member of the geological survey of the national museum at Ottawa, who is supervising the excavation of the underwater mammal, stated they were the best example of the mossauroid lizard in Canada so far.

One fossil is 33 feet long and about 28 feet have been fully uncovered. The other is a little smaller. They were located about eight feet below the surface by J. F. O'Day, representative of a United States firm who was digging for Bentonite, a commercial clay.

Mr. Sternburg, who has uncovered dinosaurs in Alberta, arrived from the capital a week ago and is highly enthusiastic over the find. It will be about 100 feet long.

The mossauro was a stenocephalous with overlapping scales and V-shaped head, four flippers and a tail half its entire length.



By Ruth Rogers



970

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TRADITIONAL "BOBBIE" MAKES WAY FOR COLLEGE TRAINED MEN



The traditional "bobbie" or "peeler," nicknamed affectionately after Sir Robert Peel, who founded the renowned London constabulary over a century ago, is slated to pass soon and the force of Yorkshire county lads who go up to London to enter the force hopeful of rising to an inspectorship is shibboleth. Lord Treachard, police commissioner at Scotland Yard, has decided that new conditions demand new training methods and from now on candidates for the job of guarding London must go through a 27-month period of police theory, regular university course, and practical routine before enlisting the force.

Salmon Good At Fasting

Research Worker Has Discovered
Many Facts About Fish

"Try the poor salmon!" It goes for months without a single bite to eat," said Miss Elizabeth Boyd, of the department of zoology at McGill University, who is interested in setting up a teaching zoological museum there.

"There need be, however, very little sympathy for the sea trout, a kin fish of the salmon," continues Miss Boyd. "It is just plain bad." It eats on its way to fresh water spawning grounds, while the salmon never takes a mouthful."

Miss Boyd has recently had published in Scotland the results of her three summers' research there in the form of a report (a joint effort with another research worker), entitled "A Third Investigation of the Food of Sea Trout."

Miss Boyd's research on this subject was carried out during summer vacations from the University of Edmonton, where she obtained her B.Sc. degree, and from Mount Holyoke College, Massachusetts, where she obtained her master's degree a year ago. She joined the staff of McGill last fall.

The sales of branded beef in Canada for the month of May amounted to 4,286,360 lbs., as against 2,754,678 lbs. in May, 1933. The total sales for the first five months of this year were 17,163,763 as against 12,922,193 lbs. in the corresponding months of last year.

In Persia, foremen punch a card for the worker at the end of the day's work to show the wages due.

Blames Uncle Sam

U.S. Upset World Trade Relations
States Illinois Speaker Of

The Hon. Henry T. Rainey, of Illinois, Speaker of Congress, is not at all backward in blaming his own country for upsetting world trade relations.

Speaking in Toronto, Mr. Rainey frankly accused the United States of initiating the nationalistic trend and declared that reciprocal tariff provisions recently enacted were the purpose of restoring a workable balance.

"The world is seething with nationalisms," Mr. Rainey said, "and peace seems far away; no nation can really prosper until every other nation is prosperous; no nation can ever really be self-sufficient. . . . With supreme indifference we violated economic laws."

No one can deny the soundness of the Speaker's contention. The United States, more than any other nation, is responsible for extreme nationalism in matters of trade. This is why it is no proper and so necessary for the United States to take the lead in reversing the program that has had such disastrous results. There are indications that President Roosevelt is prepared to do this. In the efforts that he may make to this end he will have the hearty backing of every forward-looking business man and of every true friend of international harmony and co-operation—Border Cities Star.

The earliest known manuscript of any part of the Bible is a papyrus from the third century showing parts of Genesis.

Chief Migratory Bird Officer For The Prairie Provinces Has Been Appointed By Government

Old Custom Revived

Brittany Staged Bachelors' Ball
Which Was Well Attended

Revising a picturesque old custom which has not been observed in Brittany for half a century the municipal council of the little Finistere village of Mourn staged a bachelors' ball with joyous and highly successful results.

Invitations had been sent far and wide to all young men who were thinking of getting married but had not yet found a suitable mate, and the word was passed around among the unmarried girls of the entire region to be on hand with their best frock and smile.

It is claimed that in the past many happy marriages have grown out of these dates, and, judging by the number of girls that were made before the party broke up, the revived bachelors' ball is also to terminate the altar for many of the participants.

Northern Missions

Says Indians And Eskimos Had
Fairly Good Winter

Work of the Anglican missions in progressing smoothly in the Arctic and sub-Arctic while the Indians and Eskimos had a fairly good winter. Rt. Rev. A. L. Pitman, Toronto, bishop of the Arctic, stated on arrival at Edmonton after a 4,000-mile surface inspection trip over his far-flung northern diocese.

Hopping off from Waterways on June 1, with Pilot Can Parrell, Canadian Airways Limited, the bishop flew down the Mackenzie river valley as far as Akwesivik, stopping at missions en route. For a week he visited Eskimo settlements along the Arctic coast.

Wood For Fuel

In Spite Of Other Things It Is Very
Widely Used

In spite of the preference for coal and other fuels for heating purposes, a large amount of wood is still so used. The quantity used in northern years in Canada is estimated by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, at 218 million cubic feet, or \$611,223 cords. Fuel wood formed about thirty per cent. of the total amount of wood cut in the Dominion for all purposes. During the past two or three years there has been a large increase in the amount of wood used in the Dominion.

Should Be Outlawed

The revolver is a weapon for which the average Canadian has no particular use, and the sooner it is outlawed altogether the safer it will be for merchants, bankers, and private individuals. The revolver is playing a part in far too many crimes these days yet few things are more rare than reports that such weapons have done any good.

BRITAIN SATISFIED—GERMANY HAPPY, OVER DEBT AGREEMENT



The agreement between Great Britain and Germany whereby British interests in Germany are protected during the Reich's six months foreign obligations moratorium, is welcomed by both parties with satisfaction and unqualified relief. At one time it looked very much as if lack of accord would start a trade war between the two countries. The main pillars of Germany's three thousand experts, Dr. Blassing, Herr Ulrich and Dr. Berge, leaving the British Treasury in Whitehall during the debate debate. Inset is the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, Neville Chamberlain, who was largely responsible for the satisfactory outcome of the conference.

Honourable Thomas G. Murphy, Minister of Interior, has announced that he has assigned Mr. J. Dewey Soper, ornithologist and explorer in the department to be Chief Migratory Bird Officer for the prairie provinces with headquarters at Winnipeg.

The minister explained that the prairie provinces of Canada were the most important hatching areas for waterfowl, particularly ducks, in North America. It is from the prairies of Canada that a great percentage of the wild ducks of this continent fly southward to the Gulf of Mexico, and eastward to the Atlantic coast in autumn. A more limited number reach the Pacific coast.

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Honourable Thomas G. Murphy, Minister of Interior, has announced that he has assigned Mr. J. Dewey Soper, ornithologist and explorer in the department to be Chief Migratory Bird Officer for the prairie provinces with headquarters at Winnipeg.

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Application
B. L. Stone, Publisher

THURSDAY, AUG. 2ND, 1934

AN HONEST DOG

In these days when we hear so much about vicious dogs, dog taxes, etc., it is refreshing and encouraging to hear something about the faithfulness, intelligence and honesty of some dogs. One day last week, King, the popular springer spaniel of the Redcliff hotel, saw a leather vallet on the street. Figuring, no doubt, that it was worth something to somebody, he picked it up and carried it to the hotel, walked around behind the counter and drew the attention of the clerk to what he had found. The clerk took the vallet from the dog and on examination found it contained \$24.00 in cash, some valuable papers and a bank book. Fortunately the name of the owner was on some of the papers and the clerk was able to turn the dog's first over to the owner, who lives a considerable distance north of town.

King likes his nip of beer, and what a time he could have had over the week-end, with his find. But he was honest as well as intelligent so he did the proper thing in order to get the vallet back to its owner.

How is your subscription?

Here and There

The Open Dominion championship match in the Dominion Marksmen Revolver competition was won recently by the Canadian Pacific Railway Ontario police team with a score of 1435 points out of a possible 1500. R. C. M. P. rifle and provincial police also competed.

Plans for the musical festivals of Western Canada during the coming year with a tentative discussion of policies for the next two seasons, were featured at a meeting of delegates of Western Competition Festivals recently at the Palliser Hotel, Calgary.

John Jacob Astor and his bride have decided to extend their honeymoon tour to the Canadian Rockies and British Columbia. "We intend to stop over at Lake Louise," said the young millionaire, "and then move on to Vancouver, taking in the sights on the way."

Captain R. G. Latta, skipper of the liner Empress of Britain and commander of the Canadian Pacific fleet, retired from active duty recently. He was succeeded on the bridge of the Britain by Captain R. N. Stuart, V.C., D.S.O., D.S.M.C., R.D., R.N.R. Captain Stuart was promoted to the post of commander of the Canadian Pacific fleet.

Indicating the trend towards greater production and recovery of business, substantial increase in the second quarter of 1934, as compared with the corresponding period of 1933 is shown by the recently published production figures of Consolidated Mining and Smelting, one of the world's greatest mining companies.

Driving a highly decorated locomotive into the Canadian Pacific Railway depot at the end of the Calgary-Bismarck run, recently, A. N. Hobbick, veteran engineer, completed 25 years of continuous service with the railway, most of it at the throttle of an engine. "I have always liked my work and I hate to quit," said Mr. Hobbick.

Founded June 18, 1874, by George and Matthew Healey and with agencies, warehouses, offices or depots across Canada, New Zealand, the United Kingdom and fifty other countries, the nation's largest and world-wide exporting house of Healey Bros. manufacturers of washing machines and farm implements, celebrated its Diamond Jubilee at Vernon, Ont. last month.

John P. Sweeting, industrial commissioner of the Canadian Pacific Railway, states in an official publication of the railway that there is a decidedly firm tone of confidence in the West and increased activity in many industries, with the tourist business promising to be better at all resorts this year.

An increase of 877,500 lbs. in the Nova Scotia lobster catch during the month of May was instrumental in raising the landed value of \$132,450 over the same month in 1933, according to an announcement by the Department of Fisheries on June 25th.

POUND NOTICE

As I have been appointed Poundkeeper for the town I am giving warning that all stock at large on the streets or lanes of the town will be impounded hereafter. I am also prepared to do all kinds of team work.

Tom Fitzhayer Poundkeeper

KEETLEY JOHNSON
For Accident, Fire and
Sickness Insurance
Ocean Passenger Service
7th Street, Redcliff

THE NEW CLUB CAFE

2nd St. S. E. Medicine Hat

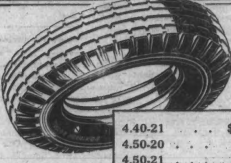
When in the city for business or pleasure, make our Cafe your Headquarters

MEALS AND LUNCHES
AT ALL HOURS
and at Reasonable Prices

Take advantage of our Service and Accommodation

THE NEW CLUB CAFE

DOMINION TIRE DEPOT



4.40-21	..	\$8.20
4.50-20	..	8.67
4.50-21	..	8.89
4.75-19	..	9.50
5.00-19	..	10.53
5.00-20	..	11.09
5.25-18	..	11.75

We cannot guarantee these prices
After August 15th

BENY'S GARAGE, Medicine Hat

Dry Cleaning

Have Your Scuffed Clothes Made
Like New Ones

Suits, Overcoats and Plain Dresses
Dry Cleaned and Pressed \$1.25

By Up-to-date Plant in Medicine Hat

Orders Left at

A. McGIMPSEY'S, Redcliff

24 Hour
Service.

Will be Promptly Attended to
Goods Called For
and Delivered

TOWN OF REDCLIFF

The Local Tax Arrears

Consolidation Act 1934

The Council of the Town of Redcliff have by resolution declared that the above Act shall be applicable to the Town of Redcliff, and any person wishing to take advantage of the provisions of the above Act, should on or before the first day of August, 1934, apply to the Town in writing, (accompanied by the sum of one dollar, which will be applied on applicant's taxes in case the application is granted) to consolidate the arrears of taxes due on any piece of property, and such application will be duly considered by Council.

The Act only applies to cases where more than one year's taxes were in arrears at the 1st of January, 1934. Full particulars of the payment and discounts and other matters concerning the above Act can be obtained at the office of the Secretary-Treasurer.

To those who properly come under the provisions of this Act all proceedings under the Tax Recovery Act, 1929, for sale or otherwise, are suspended in respect to the properties involved, and while the consolidation agreement is in force.

A. E. WARD, M. D.
L. M. C. C.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office and Residence in
Lockwood Block Phone 279

WM. HENDERSON
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
FIRE INSURANCE
Rent collections attended to
Office at Residence, 2nd St.

DR. E. L. McKEE

DENTIST

Poorhies Treats & Prevents
Phone 3848 Medicine Hat
Opposite Asinibola Hotel

Lang Bros. Ltd.

INSURANCE

Fire Accident
Life Sickness

651 2nd St. Medicine Hat
Telephone 3554

DAVES'

Meat Market

634 3rd St. Medicine Hat

Specials For

The Week End

Pork Rib Roast per lb. 15c

1st Roast Beef per lb. 16c

Shoulder of Lamb lb. 12c

Boiling Beef per lb. 7c

We Appreciate Your
Patronage

Dry Cleaning

Done in Town

Get Your Old Clothes
Cleaned Up For Spring

We are Prepared to Dry
Clean and Press

SUITS, OVERCOATS
and PLAIN DRESSES

For \$1.25

Goods Called For and Delivered

GIVE US A TRIAL

LEUNG BROS.

Four St. Next Town Hall

Town of Redcliff

Notice is hereby given that, under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1929, and amendments thereto, the following lands will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Town Hall, Redcliff, Alberta, on Saturday, the 25th day of August, 1934, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon:

Lots	Block	Plan	Lots	Block	Plan
15, 16, 25, 26, 35			8	82	1117V
39 and 40	2	1117V	9	83	"
13, 14, 39 and 40	3	"	17	84	"
17 and 18	4	"	34	92	"
1, 2, 3	6	"	33 and 34	97	"
17 and 18	8	"	7	99	"
7, 8 and 31	16	"	11	106	"
6	17	"	19 and 40	107	"
21, 23, 25 and 26	21	"	29	109	"
19 and 20	26	"	36	121	"
67	27	"	12 and 13	122	"
N 1/2 of 13, 14, 17,			56, 37 and 38	125	"
and 18	28	"	32 and 23	2 2708 A. V.	
13, 24 and 25	31	"	8 and 4	5 900 A. V.	
2, 24 and 25	43	"	33, 34, 38 and 40	4 3042 A. V.	
4	45	"	8 and 14	76 7654 A. V.	
1	51	"	27, 28, 29, 30, 31	3 2375 A. V.	
7 and 8	54	"	55 and 56	5 5094 A. V.	
62	65	"	6, 7 and 8	8 5094 A. V.	
20	74	"	28	8 4870 A. V.	

The above lands will be offered for sale, subject to a reserve bid, and subject to the reservations contained in the existing certificates of title. Terms cash.

Redemption may be effected by payment of all arrears and costs at any time prior to the sale.

Dated at Redcliff, Alberta, this 23rd day of June, 1934.

F. V. BRITT,
Secretary-Treasurer.

It Pays to Advertise in The Review

ALL OUR ADVERTISERS SAY SO

When in Need of

Counter Check Books

Leave Your Order At

The Redcliff Review

Get Your Job Printing
At The Review Office

No Job Too Big nor None Too Small
for us to handle

ENVELOPES

LETTERHEADS

NOTE HEADS

BILLHEADS

STATEMENTS

CIRCULARS

BOOKLETS

PRIZE LISTS

TICKETS

VISITING CARDS

BUSINESS CARDS

PROGRAMS

RULED FORMS

BALANCE SHEETS

DOGGERS

POSTERS

AUCTION BILLS

Leave Your

Orders Here

For The

Following

Satisfaction

Guaranteed

and Prices

Reasonable

Let the People Know what you have to sell, by
ADVERTISING IN THE REVIEW

Crested Wheat Grass

Demand For Seed From Western Canada Is Insistent

In spite of the fact that there is considerable wheat grass seed being produced in Western Canada, the supply is still far short of the demand. This is due in part to severe drought which has visited the prairie sections of Saskatchewan and Alberta during the last few years, and the crested wheat grass has been the widest distribution in that area. These conditions have demonstrated its exceptional drought resistance and ability to produce in a dry climate, but while the plants were able to make substantial growth on available spring moisture and produce heads, the supply of moisture was frequently insufficient to fill the need. Demand for seed of the "Fairway" strain is most insistent. Seed distribution of this variety has been quite general so that although both ordinary crested wheat and the "Fairway" variety have grown in the semi-arid sections of the South, the latter has been more favourably situated with regard to moisture. Good seed crops have been obtained therefore of "Fairway" crested wheat grass and the seed has been sold at a considerable premium over ordinary seed. For these reasons it would appear that seed stock produced in Western Canada will now consist largely of the improved variety.

Absorb Of Public Men

Anyone Taking Office Must Be Prepared For Unkind Criticism

"I do not think of anything but public life," Rt. Hon. Mackenzie King warned a group of recent university graduates in an address yesterday in Ottawa. "Unless you are prepared to let people say what they want to say and go your own way unheeding to what is being said."

In other words in the view of the former prime minister, no one who has not a thick skin has any place in politics.

It is perhaps to be regretted, but it must be admitted that there is a great deal to what Mr. King says. Any person who goes in for public life must be prepared for a regular barrage of criticism, both fair and unfair, of stander and vituperation, and must be prepared to find that the public will remember chiefly his errors, forgetting his accomplishments. He must be prepared to face the slings and arrows of outrageous opposition and the ingratitude of the public. As a leader of a great party, Mr. King knows something of this, as does also Prime Minister Bennett—Saulie Lee, Marie Star.

Taking Insect Census

Agricultural Research Centre In England Undertakes Big Job

How many insects are there in the world? Nobody knows, but an attempt is now being made to find out. What is, in effect, an insect "population census" is being taken at Rothamsted Experimental Station, the famous agricultural research centre in England. During eleven months, some 150,000 insects will be collected, all attracted to a "light trap," which operates nightly. Then they are counted, and the time of their arrival and, as far as possible, the reason for their activity, have also been recorded. The results obtained so far suggest that the number of insects in the country is much greater than has previously been supposed, but there is no reason to fear that they are getting the upper hand in their struggle with man, as some imaginative writers have suggested in a possibility of the future. Indeed, it is part of Rothamsted's job to see that they don't.

Money Merely A Token

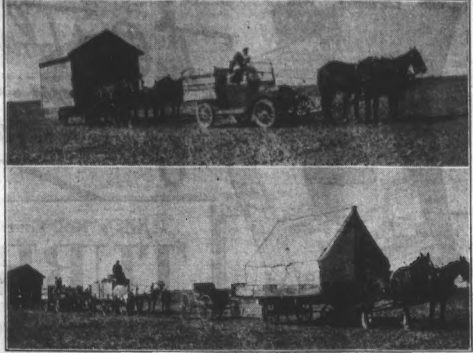
No More Worth In Itself Than Cheap Rubber Ticket

Money is not wealth. It is merely a token to represent wealth, says the Chamber of Commerce Journal of London. Money is no more than wealth than a cloak-room ticket. Both are tokens of claims which, by a convention gives the force of law, will be accepted on presentation without question. The distinction between them is that whereas a cloak-room ticket would only entitle the holder to receive a particular article, the money token will entitle him to a choice of articles offered for sale to a value within the face of the token.

Canada, for the first time on record, moved up in 1933 to the first place as the principal supplier of goods to the Bahamas, British West India, in competition with the Old Country and the United States.

W. N. U. 2055

PRAIRIE FARMERS MIGRATE IN SEARCH OF BETTER LANDS



These two pictures, taken a few days ago, show farm settlers in the Creelman district in Saskatchewan, pulling up their stakes and taking for new lands along Kinsmen. Heavy rains in the north encouraged the farmers to move and we see all kinds of contrivances being used to carry the people's belongings to their new homes. Note the motor car being driven by the old type of horse power, while immediately behind it is a house on wheels.

Old Footwear Was Quaint

Shoes Much Longer Than Foot Had Turned Up Points

Leather was first made by the ancient Egyptians and its use reveals the quaint style of footwear through the centuries. For example, the Egyptian Pharaoh in 1463 passed an act prohibiting shoes with points more than two inches in length, under penalties to make and wear, and those who would not comply were excommunicated. Even at a late period shoes were often twice the length of the foot.

In 1000, in the reign of William Rufus, the great dandy Robert was called the "horned" because he wore shoes with long points, tufted, turned up and twisted like horns. The shoes became fashionable, and the fashions continued to increase in extent until the time of Richard II. In 1390 they had attained such an enormous length as to be fastened to the garter by a chain of silver or gold. St. Crispin was a Christian martyr, born of a noble Roman family, about the middle of the third century, under the reign of Diocletian, he with his brother Crispinian fled from Rome into Gaul, where he "worked as a shoemaker in the town which is now called Soissons. Here he distinguished himself by his exertions for the benefit of Christianity. St. Crispin had a tender heart for the poor and needy, and according to one of the legends of him, "his benevolence was so great that he even stole leather to make shoes for the poor." From this legend charity does at the expense of others has ever since been called "Crispinades."

Now the credit family banks have not only red and blue silk threads but also marks real money, Captain Foster said.

Despite the federal government's was against it, counterfeiting has increased in the past ten years, he declared. There is now about \$1.25 in counterfeit money to every \$100,000 of genuine money, he said.

There is approximately an equal amount of counterfeiting in coins and bills.

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WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Steel experts in Germany claim to have developed an alloy nearly as hard as diamonds for cutting tools.

To cope with a potato shortage the Polish government has lifted import quotas restrictions on potatoes from Holland, Belgium and Italy.

Sir Hubert Wilkins, British explorer, left Crozier by aeroplane for Singapore to join the Lincoln Ellsworth Antarctic expedition.

A new museum of antiquities has been opened at the ruins of Corinth, to house relics found in 40 years of excavation.

In the first four months of 1934 building plans in Johannesburg exceeded the total value of plans for the whole of 1933 by \$800,000.

The Prince of Wales received 980 war pilgrims from South Africa in the grounds of St. James' palace, the party being from a pilgrimage to the battlefields of France and Flanders.

A collection of 360 letters belonging to Napoleon Bonaparte, which were apparently abandoned when Napoleon fled from Moscow in 1812, were reported found in a box in a corner of the Kremlin.

Heinrich Dauther, French air woman, set a new world speed record for light planes weighing 13,500 pounds by covering a 1,000-kilometre course at an average speed of 234 kilometres per hour.

Marked recovery was noticeable in the amount of customs duties collected during the first five months of 1934 compared with the same period of 1933, the Dominion bureau of statistics reports.

Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, Canadian high commissioner to the United Kingdom, told a London audience the world looked more than ever toward Britain for leadership. Mr. Ferguson was speaking at the opening of an exhibition of Canadian products.

Has Ingenious Idea

Man In England Announces Use For Old Razor Blades

There is one man at least who has solved the question of what to do with hundreds of blades—what to do with used razor blades.

Moreover, he is prepared to take other people's old razor blades and use them for the general good! He is Mr. M. J. Harvey, borough surveyor at Hythe, England.

Mr. Harvey has hit on the ingenious idea of using safety razor blades to keep down the weeds in the Royal Military canal.

An official of Mr. Harvey's department said that scores of them are strung on end to a long wire, which is weighted with lead.

A workman on each side of the canal then drags the wire through the water and—good-by, weeds! The device has been found so effective that there is hardly a weed in the canal and the old method of cutting them from a barge has been dispensed with.

Library Is Popular

People In English Cotton Town Are Great Readers

Great Harwood, the cotton town near Barking, England, claims the distinction of being the best read town in the country.

Of its 12,787 inhabitants, more than 6,000 are registered readers of the local branch of the county library.

Membership has increased weekly since the library was opened about three years ago, and so great is the demand on its service that the question has arisen whether to increase the premises.

It is common to see a queue of borrowers waiting outside the library doors.

It is only a small wooden building and people have to take their turn in selecting the books they want.

During the last twelve months 100,000 books were issued.

In two years, records of Oregon state penitentiary show that out of 987 new prisoners 475 were college graduates, 363 had high school educations, 613 had common school educations, and only 23 were illiterate.

The estimated consumption of creamy butter in Canada for April 1934 was 16,745,476 pounds, showing an increase of \$95,250 pounds, or 4.60 per cent, for April 1933.

Numbers of ducks and chickens were reported to have died last year in two localities in Middlesex county, Ontario, as a result of eating rose hedges.

W. N. U. 2055

A "Railroad Zeppelin"

Shows Speed On Trial Run From Berlin To Cologne

A record railroad run of 230 miles in four hours nineteen minutes—giving an average of more than 90 m.p.h. over the whole distance, including two stops—was achieved by a Diesel-engined "railroad Zep" on a trial run from Berlin to Cologne.

A maximum speed of more than 110 m.p.h. was attained.

It is intended next year to open a regular service between Berlin and Cologne, the schedule for the distances being four hours, as compared with seven hours taken by the fastest steam train.

A "railroad Zep" service to Hamburg has been in operation some months, the time for the 100-mile journey being two hours twenty minutes.

Boat Driven By Car

Idea Being Tried Out On Thames In England

A strange craft was seen undergoing trials on the Thames recently at Putney, England. It consisted of a large, flat-bottomed punt containing a four-wheeled motor car, with 12 h.p. engine, from which the punt was driven by a belt.

Paddles are fixed to the rear wheels of the car, which are jacked up of the bottom of the punt and, as these wheels, set revolving with the running of the car engine, cause the paddles to cleave the water. The motorist has only to drive his car on to the punt and couple up.

Provided each keeps to its own work, they are complementary and supplementary to each other."

He added: "All this dispute between the church and science is but a waste of time. There is no need for it unless the church says something it has no business to say, as in the case of Darwin, or science says something about God who has not yet been a subject for study by science."

Sir Charles was speaking before the annual dinner of the Knights.

Public streets take up one-third of the area of Manhattan Island.

WITH CANOE AND PADDLE ON CANADA'S WATERWAYS

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The Best Tobacco Money can buy... and Poker Hands too

It pays to "Roll Your Own" with TURRET FINE CUT CIGARETTE TOBACCO

We Recommend "CHATELAIN" or "VOCUE" Cigarette Papers

Religion And Science

Sir Charles Saunders Says One Is Complementary To The Other

The dispute between religion and science is "humbug" in the opinion of Sir Charles Saunders, former Dominion educator and discoverer of various varieties of wheat, including Marquis.

In his first address since he was knighted in the King's birthday honours list, Sir Charles at Toronto told the Royal Knights of Ye Round Table, of which he is honorary knight: "There cannot be any conflict between religion and science. Religion theorizes about the deity and science studies his works."

Provided each keeps to its own work, they are complementary and supplementary to each other."

He added: "All this dispute between the church and science is but a waste of time. There is no need for it unless the church says something it has no business to say, as in the case of Darwin, or science says something about God who has not yet been a subject for study by science."

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To Increase Vision

Optical Device May Be Great Aid To The Near Blind

Announcement of what he termed the "microscope spectacle", an optical device to increase visual acuity by 250 per cent, and employing a "new principle" in optical science, magnifying the vision of the partially blind beyond that of any other known device, was made at Toronto by Dr. William Feinbloom, of New York, before the international congress of the American Optometric Association.

Dr. Feinbloom said he had been working for nine years on the problem of achieving this maximum magnification of vision for the near blind in a convenient form that could be worn like ordinary spectacles.

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Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

TURKEYS AND CARROTS

1 cup cold boiled carrots
1 cup cold boiled turnips
1 cup medium white sauce
1 teaspoon sugar
1 teaspoon lemon juice
Salt and pepper
Buttered toast

Cut the vegetables in cubes. Add the white sauce, sugar, and lemon juice. Season with salt and pepper. When well thoroughly heated, serve on toast, garnished with parsley.

UNBAKED BROWNIES

2 squares unsweetened chocolate
1/2 cup (one can) sweetened condensed milk
2 cups (1/2 pound) vanilla wafer crumbs

Melt the chocolate in a double boiler. Add the sweetened condensed milk, stirring over boiling water five minutes until the mixture thickens. Add vanilla wafer crumbs and 1/2 cup finely-chopped nut meats. Butter a shallow pan and sprinkle with 1/2 cup nut meats. Place chocolate mixture in pan and spread evenly using a knife dipped in hot water. Sprinkle the top with the remaining 1/2 cup chopped nuts. Place in refrigerator several hours or overnight. To serve, cut in squares. Makes 18. (Graham crackers may be used in place of vanilla wafers.)

Invention Of French Doctor

Tiny Electric Pump Does Work Of Human Heart

A French doctor has invented what he terms an "Artificial Heart". This artificial heart is a tiny electric pump which can be held in the hollow of the hand. Its speed can be so regulated that it is possible in a transfusion operation to pump blood from the volunteer into the patient's veins at exactly the same rhythm as the patient's heart-beat. The "heart" automatically stops when a sufficient quantity of blood has been injected. It has been suggested that it may be possible to drain a person's body completely in cases of serious disorder of the blood, keeping the heart in motion and at the same time refilling the veins with pure blood by means of the artificial heart.

Most of the manners in the automobile world are possessed by gasoline station attendants.

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Interesting Facts About Food

Small Eaters Usually Live Longer Than Heavy Ones

On an average, a woman eats one-fifth less than a man. People who eat lightly-enjoy life regularly are usually fitter. Those who never touch crusts are frequently lacking in "pep". Fish and trout gradually oust beef. Mr. Bern and Shaw has said that in beef we get nourishment second-hand; the beef first enjoys the vitamins of the pasture. There's all this wealth of the sea in fish. Fruit eaters usually have sweet tempers and sunny dispositions—since fruit food is largely concentrated sunshine. If it were not for the age-old customs of feasting we should find two good meals a day ample sustenance. A normal man of fifty has in his life consumed 25 tons of food, and a hearty eater between 50 to 60 tons; but the former has the better expectation of life. As a nation, the Romans were the biggest eaters. They made gluttony a pastime. That was one cause of the collapse of the Roman Empire.

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Little Journeys In Science

THE LIVING CELL

(By Gordon R. Chesnut, M.A.)

To Robert Hooke, an English biologist, goes the credit for the discovery of the cell. It was about the middle of the seventeenth century that this scientist, while examining a piece of cork under the newly discovered microscope, observed that it was made up of a number of alveoli to which he gave the name of "cells".

Other scientists continued to study these cells but it was not until one hundred and fifty years later that Brown and Dujardin commenced to study the contents of these cells.

These scientists saw them as an aggregation of very small bags, which were independent of each other and contained a substance which they called "protoplasm". Protoplasm possesses the property of changing the materials received from the blood stream, oxygen and food, into living matter. How this change is brought about is still a mystery. All that science knows is that water and bread, for example, contain the same atoms as the deadliest of poisons.

Food causes the cells of living organisms to grow and increase in number, whereas poisons bring about their destruction.

When examined under the microscope the cells seem to consist of a nucleus suspended in the protoplasm, the latter being a more or less viscous translucent material. The whole cell is held together by a protective membrane which is similar to the protoplasm in nature. In certain organisms, however, we sometimes find that this membrane is missing and that the cells are simply drops of liquid without any protective coating. In these cells are found traces of carbon, oxygen, nitrogen, hydrogen, sulphur, phosphorus, nickel, arsenic, iodine, even uranium, vanadium and molybdenum—perhaps a good deal more.

Because who can say with assurance what elements assist in the construction of a living cell.

Science has discovered very little as yet about the nature of protoplasm, because so meagre do the men of science attempt to analyze it than it ceases to function. Examination of dead protoplasm gives no further clue to the phenomenon called life.

Scientists cannot agree on the number of cells of an adult human being. Some say a billion billions, others estimate it at only sixty billions.

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FRESH TOMATOES	EGGS—Grade
5 lb. Basket 25c	B, 2 dozen for 25c
CORN FLAKES—All	CREAMERY BUTTER
Varities 3 for 24c	Per Pound 28c
GRAPENUT FLAKES	OWL MATCHES
2 pkts. for 23c	Per Package 24c
L. B. C. GRAHAM Wafers	AYLMER CATSUP
1 lb. pkgs. each 19c	Per Bottle 17c
NABOB BAKING	LARGE CRISPO
POWDER, 12 oz. tin 17c	1 P & C 19c
NEW POTATOES	GREEN APPLES
20 pounds for 25c	4 pounds for 25c

SUGAR 10 Pound Sack 69c
20 Pound Sack \$1.37

GOOD BULK TEA	CRAB APPLES
Per Pound 37c	4 pounds for 25c
TABLE GRAPES	GINGER SNAPS
Per Pound 23c	2 pounds for 29c
BOLOGNA—	MIXED BISCUITS
Sliced, per pound 15c	Per Pound 21c

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Sale of Furniture

Moore's Annual August Furniture-lovers Opportunity! Sensational Savings. Every piece of furniture made in Canada by manufacturers known for the soundness of the products. With prices soaring upwards, this sale is doubly attractive. Best of all, Liberal Credit Terms and No Interest Charges. Be on hand early Tuesday Morning, 7:30 Dining, Chesterfield and Bedroom Suites to choose from. Nowhere in Alberta will you find a larger selection. Four floors exclusively devoted to

FURNITURE, DRAPERIES, FLOOR COVERINGS
 AND CHINA; Bargains in Every Department
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PAY DAY SPECIALS

MEN'S KID OXFORDS—Genuine Goodyear Welts. Regular values to \$3.75; Pay Day Special per pr.	\$2.69
MEN'S OXFORDS—Sucha known makes at Ritchie, Vanguard. Regular values to \$4.50 pay day special	\$2.95
MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS—All plain colors in collar attached. Pay Day Special 69c	
SHIRTS—Polka Dot, Coat Style; two pockets. Large and Roomy—Special 1.19	
SHIRTS—Assorted, 50c sellers Special 29c	
Six Pair for 99c	
MEN'S FANCY SOCKS—Regular 25c Special 18c	
SHIRTS—Cowboy style Special pr. 1.19	
SHIRTS—Plenty to choose from, Special 39c	
MEN'S PYJAMAS, Plain shades medium weight 98c	
MEN'S NIGHT SHIRT, good quality flannellette 98c	
WORK PANTS—Cotton Tweed, suitable for work or every day wear; Pay Day Special, per pair 1.49	
MEN'S RAYON COMBINATION—Blue, White Cream; Peach; Pay Day Special, garment 98c	
MEN'S OXFORDS—Extra wide fitter; Tillsonburg solid leather; Regular \$3.95; Special per pair 3.29	
MEN'S TWEED CAPS—Good quality caps in plain colors only; Pay Day Special 69c	

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Interesting
Local Items

Mrs. R. C. Hargrave and family left Sunday to spend a fortnight at Elkwater Lake.

Mr. Walter King left on Friday to spend two weeks' vacation at the coast.

Mrs. J. S. Jones, of Carmichael, is at present visiting her daughter, Mrs. Jos. Podesta.

Miss Margaret and Master Jack Reid, of Carmichael, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. Joe Podesta.

The Misses Emma Podesta and Janet Paterson and Mr. E. Podesta are spending their holidays at Calgary and Banff.

Mrs. W. Campeau and Florence returned on Monday from Maple Creek, where they had been spending a few days with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. F. V. Britt and children and Mrs. Britt's mother, left on Sunday's train for Vancouver where they will spend a short vacation.

Rev. R. Erskine Pow left on Monday for Vancouver where he is taking charge of Douglas Park United Church for the month of August. Accompanied by Mrs. Pow, Jean, Ruth and Robert, he will motor by way of the Crow's Nest. Past through Kingsgate, Spokane and Seattle to Vancouver.

CARD OF THANKS

The swimming pool officials acknowledge with thanks a donation of \$10.00 from the local Legion. The donation is greatly appreciated and it will help wonderfully in keeping the pool open for the balance of the season.

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Mr. F. Baird is in charge of the town office during the absence of secretary-treasurer F. V. Britt.

Mr. Basil Tonks left for Vancouver on Sunday in hopes that vacation at the coast will restore his impaired health.

Mrs. E. N. Rose returned home in the hospital last Saturday. Although still very weak she is progressing favorably.

Miss Elsie Frey and Miss Orpha Beeler have returned home after a two week's vacation with friends in Calgary.

Mrs. R. Simpson and small son, Douglas, are visiting in Calgary with Mrs. Simpson's parents Mr. and Mrs. Hogg.

Mrs. Sellhorn and family returned on Saturday from Elkwater Lake where they have been holidaying for the past two weeks.

Miss Francis Buchholz, who underwent an operation in Medicine Hat hospital recently, was officially recovered to return home here last Saturday.

A tennis tournament between the four local clubs, Town, United Church, Anglican Church and Danish, will commence Friday evening of this week. At present get-acquainted games are being played on the different courts in town.

BIRTHS

McCleary—In Redcliff, on Sunday, July 29th, 1934, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McCleary, a son.

Menario—In Redcliff, on Wednesday, Aug. 1st, 1934, to Mr. and Mrs. George Menario, a son.

Lakey—In Medicine Hat on Tuesday July 31st, 1934 to Mr. and Mrs. John Lakey, a daughter—stillborn.

FOR SALE—A Goulay piano splendid tone, recently tuned and made moth proof. Apply at Review Office.

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OVERALLS—Master Mechanics 8 1/2 duck Range Rider, Special \$1.50

UNDERWEAR—Men's Bathing Combinations well made, any good fitting garments Cream and White, Special 95c

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GROCERY SPECIALS

Prices Effective Friday, Saturday, Monday, Aug. 3, 4, 6

CORN FLAKES Kellogg's 3 pkgs. 25c GRAPE NUT FLAKES 2 Packages for 21c

PUFFED RICE Quaker, 2 pkts. 31c PUFFED WHEAT Quaker, 2 pkts. for 25c

Maple Buds, the Very Best, per lb. 25c

TOMATO JUICE Heinz, Tin 10c DILL PICKLES Libby's, Tin 25c

MILK—Tall Tins Pacific 10c MILK—Tall Tins Carnation 10c

CHEESE—Ontario Matured, per lb. 25c CHEESE Golden Loaf lb. 27c

Butter, Creamery, 2 lbs. for 45c
 Dominio or Golden Dew

JELLY POWDER Blue Ribbon, 5 for 25c CHOCOLATE BARS 6 for 25c

HIRES' GINGER BEER Extract, Bottle 30c HIRES' ROOT BEER Extract, Bottle 30c

LEMONADE CRYSTALS Grantham's 2 pkts 25c BOTTLE CAPS 1 gross pkts. 35c

Salt and Pepper, 2 for 25c

In New Nabob Shakers Made in your own Home town

SOAP Lux Toilet 4 Bars for 25c SOAP—Fairy Toilet 5 Bars for 25c

SOAP Palm Olive 5 bars 25c SOAP—Fairfax Toilet 8 Bars for 25c

Chippo and Oxydol, large pkt. 19c

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